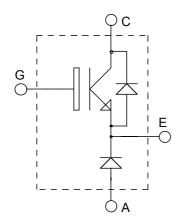


ISOTOP® Buck chopper NPT IGBT

$$V_{CES} = 600V$$

 $I_{C} = 60A$ @ $Tc = 95^{\circ}C$



Application

- AC and DC motor control
- Switched Mode Power Supplies

Features

- Non Punch Through (NPT) THUNDERBOLT IGBT
 - Low voltage drop
 - Low tail current
 - Switching frequency up to 100 kHz
 - Soft recovery parallel diodes
 - Low diode VF
 - Low leakage current
 - RBSOA and SCSOA rated
- ISOTOP® Package (SOT-227)
- Very low stray inductance
- High level of integration



- Outstanding performance at high frequency operation
- Stable temperature behavior
- Very rugged
- Direct mounting to heatsink (isolated package)
- Low junction to case thermal resistance
- Easy paralleling due to positive T_C of V_{CEsat}
- **RoHS Compliant**



Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter			Max ratings	Unit
V_{CES}	Collector - Emitter Breakdown Voltage			600	V
I_{C1}	Continuous Collector Current	93			
I_{C2}	Continuous Collector Current		$T_C = 95^{\circ}C$	60	A
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current	$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$	360		
V_{GE}	Gate – Emitter Voltage	±20	V		
P_{D}	Maximum Power Dissipation $T_C = 25^{\circ}$			378	W
I_{LM}	RBSOA clamped Inductive load Current R_G =11 Ω		$T_C = 25^{\circ}C$	360	A
IF_{AV}	Maximum Average Forward Current	Duty cycle=0.5	$T_C = 80$ °C	30	A
IF_{RMS}	RMS Forward Current (Square wave, 50% duty)			39	Λ

CAUTION: These Devices are sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.



All ratings @ $T_j = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified

Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
BV_{CES}	Collector - Emitter Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_{C} = 0.5 \text{mA}$		600			V
т	Zana Cata Waltana Callantan Comment	$V_{GE} = 0V$	$T_j = 25$ °C			80	4
I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	$V_{CE} = 600V$	$T_j = 125$ °C			2000	μΑ
V	Collector Emitter on Voltage	$V_{GE} = 15V$	$T_j = 25$ °C		2.0	2.5	V
V _{CE(on)}	Conector Emitter on Voltage	$I_C = 60A$	$T_j = 125$ °C			2.8	v
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}, I_{C} = 500 \mu A$		3	4	5	V
I_{GES}	Gate – Emitter Leakage Current	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V, V_{C}$	E = 0V			±100	nA

Dynamic Characteristics

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Cies	Input Capacitance	$V_{GE} = 0V$		3125	3590	
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	$V_{CE} = 25V$		310	450	pF
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	f = 1MHz		180	310	
Q_{g}	Total gate Charge	$V_{GS} = 15V$		257	410	
Q_{ge}	Gate – Emitter Charge	$V_{Bus} = 300V$		19	30	nC
Q_{gc}	Gate – Collector Charge	$I_C = 60A$		120	180	
$T_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	Resistive Switching (25°C)		20	40	
T_{r}	Rise Time	$V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{Bus} = 300V$		95	190	na
$T_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time	$I_{\rm C} = 60$ A		315	470	ns
$T_{\rm f}$	Fall Time	$R_G = 5\Omega$		245	490	
T _{d(on)}	Turn-on Delay Time	Inductive Switching (25°C)		26	50	ns
T_{r}	Rise Time	$V_{GE} = 15V$		63	125	
$T_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time	$V_{\text{Bus}} = 400V$ $I_{\text{C}} = 60A$		395	590	
T_{f}	Fall Time	$R_{\rm G} = 5\Omega$		68	140	
E_{ts}	Total switching Losses	G		3.4	7	mJ
$T_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	Inductive Switching (150°C) $V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{Bus} = 400V$ $I_{C} = 60A$ $R_{G} = 5\Omega$		25	50	ns
T_{r}	Rise Time			59	120	
$T_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time			430	650	
T_{f}	Fall Time			65	130	
Eon	Turn-on Switching Energy			1.6	3.2	
E_{off}	Turn-off Switching Energy			2.4	4.8	mJ
E_{ts}	Total switching Losses			4.0	8.0	



Chopper ciode ratings and characteristics

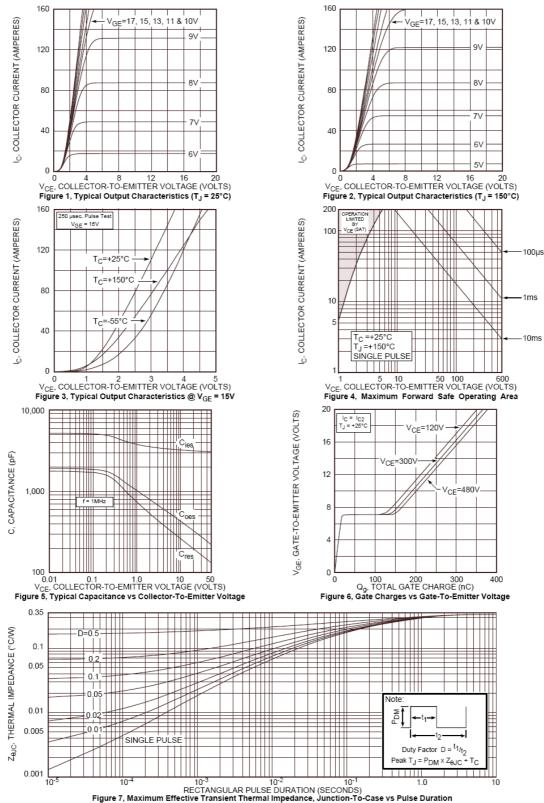
Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
V_{F}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_F = 30A$			1.6	1.8		
		$I_F = 60A$			1.9		V	
		$I_F = 30A$	$T_{i} = 125^{\circ}C$		1.4			
I_{RM}	Maximum Reverse Leakage Current	$V_{R} = 600V$	$T_j = 25$ °C			250	μA	
1RM	iviaximum Reverse Leakage Current	$V_R = 600V$	$T_{j} = 125^{\circ}C$			500	μΑ	
C_{T}	Junction Capacitance	$V_{R} = 200V$			44		pF	
_	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=1A, V_R=30V$ di/dt =100A/\(\mu\)s	$T_j = 25$ °C		23		ns	
t_{rr}	D Time		$T_i = 25^{\circ}C$		85			
	Reverse Recovery Time		$T_{i} = 125^{\circ}C$		160			
I_{RRM}	Maximum Reverse Recovery Current	$I_F = 30A$	$T_j = 25$ °C		4		Α	
1RRM	Wiaximum Reverse Recovery Current	$V_R = 400V$	$T_{i} = 125^{\circ}C$		8		А	
	Reverse Recovery Charge	di/dt =200A/μs	$T_j = 25$ °C		130		пC	
Q _{rr}			$T_j = 125$ °C		700		IIC	
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 30A$ $V_R = 400V$ $di/dt = 1000A/\mu s$			70		ns	
Q _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge		$T_j = 125$ °C		1300		nC	
I_{RRM}	Maximum Reverse Recovery Current				30		Α	

Thermal and package characteristics

Symbol	Characteristic		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
R_{thJC}	Junction to Case	IGBT			0.33	
		Diode			1.21	°C/W
R_{thJA}	Junction to Ambient (IGBT & Diode)				20	
V_{ISOL}	RMS Isolation Voltage, any terminal to case t = 1 min, 50/60Hz		2500			V
T_J, T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		-55		150	°C
$T_{ m L}$	Max Lead Temp for Soldering:0.063" from case for 10 sec				300	C
Torque	Mounting torque (Mounting = 8-32 or 4mm Machine and terminals = 4mm Machine)				1.5	N.m
Wt	Package Weight			29.2		g



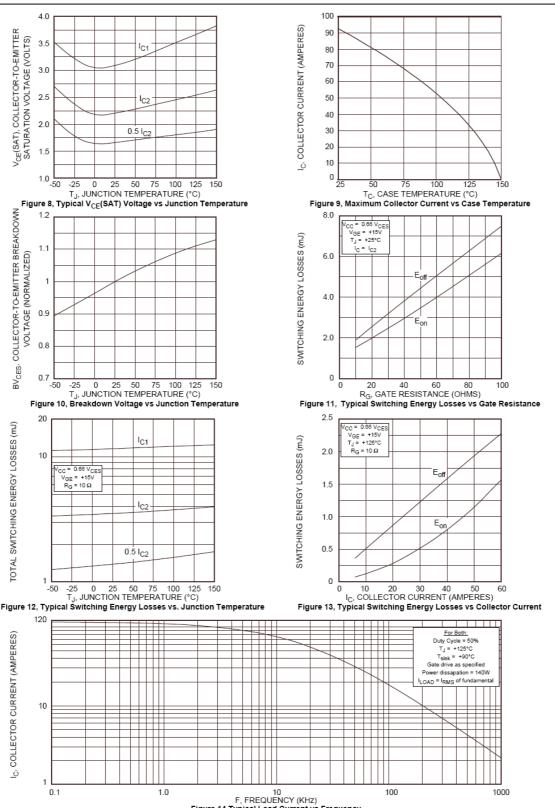
Typical IGBT Performance Curve





0.1

APT60GF60JU3



1000

Figure 14, Typical Load Current vs Frequency

100



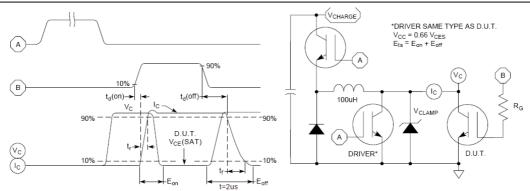


Figure 15, Switching Loss Test Circuit and Waveforms

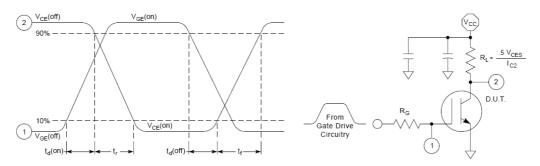
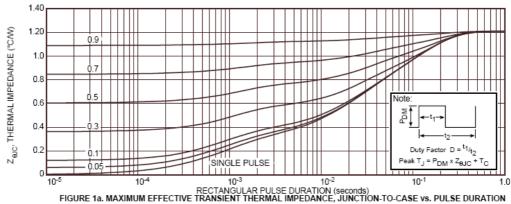


Figure 16, Resistive Switching Time Test Circuit and Waveforms

Typical Diode Performance Curve



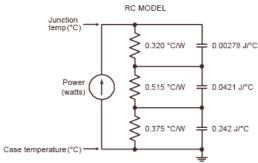


FIGURE 1b, TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE MODEL



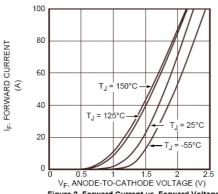


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

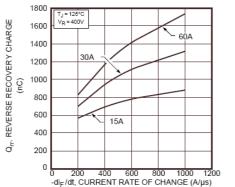


Figure 4. Reverse Recovery Charge vs. Current Rate of Change

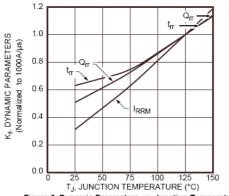


Figure 6. Dynamic Parameters vs. Junction Temperature

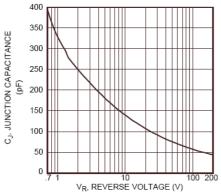


Figure 8. Junction Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

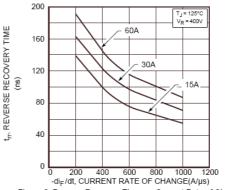


Figure 3. Reverse Recovery Time vs. Current Rate of Change

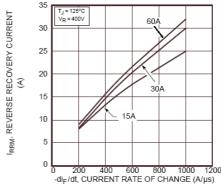


Figure 5. Reverse Recovery Current vs. Current Rate of Change

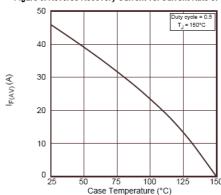


Figure 7. Maximum Average Forward Current vs. CaseTemperature



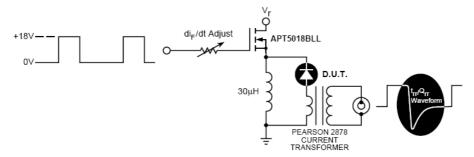
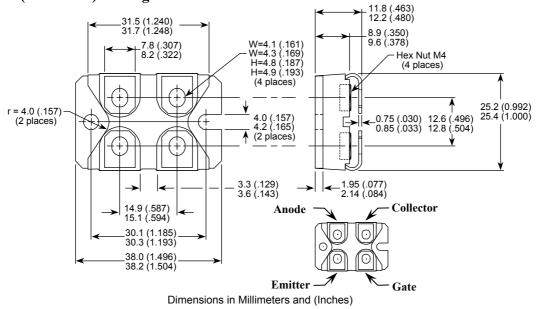


Figure 9. Diode Test Circuit

- 1 I_F Forward Conduction Current
 2 di_F/dt Rate of Diode Current Change Through Zero Crossing.
 3 I_{RRM} Maximum Reverse Recovery Current.
 4 t_{IT} Reverse Recovery Time, measured from zero crossing where diode current goes from positive to negative, to the point at which the straight line through I_{RRM} and 0.25*I_{RRM} passes through zero.
- Q_{rr} Area Under the Curve Defined by I_{RRM} and t_{rr}.

Figure 10, Diode Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions

SOT-227 (ISOTOP®) Package Outline



ISOTOP® is a registered trademark of ST Microelectronics NV

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